



Alaska Land Mobile Radio Communications System

Cooperative Agreement Appendix D

Service Level Agreement

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Alaska Land Mobile Radio Communications System

Service Level Agreement

Version 1

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NOTE: For the period of July 1 - December 31, 2011, response times and service levels have changed regarding all State of Alaska (SOA)-owned radio frequency (RF) equipment, as well as USARAK RF equipment at certain SOA sites. Associated changes are listed at Addendum A (attached at the end of the document).

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Name	Date	Reason for Changes	Version

DEFINITIONS AND ACRONYMS

ALMR: Alaska Land Mobile Radio

AST: Alaska State Troopers

Beta Period: the period between the time this agreement is executed and the time sustained O&M of the System is declared by the Executive Council.

Codeplug: the software programmed in a radio that controls the radio's functions and communication capabilities.

DIACAP: the Department of Defense Information Assurance Certification and Accreditation Process (DIACAP) that helps Users and information security officers ensure information systems operate at an acceptable level of risk. As defined in interim guidance contained in Department of Defense Directive 8500.1, Information Assurance (IA), October 24, 2002, and DODI 8500.2, Information Assurance (IA) Implementation, February 6, 2003.

Department of Administration (DOA): a State of Alaska department that maintains the state portion of the ALMR System.

DS0: Digital Signal 0 – the lowest Digital Signal or Data Service level having a transmission rate of 64,000 bits per second (64 kb/s), intended to carry one voice channel (a phone call).

Emergency Alarm: a Project 25 feature that, when enabled, allows a User to transmit an emergency alarm.

Member: a public safety agency including, but not limited to, a general government agency (local, state or federal), its authorized employees and personnel (paid or volunteer), and its service provider, participating in and using the System under a Membership Agreement.

Membership Agreement: the agreement entered into between the Executive Council and the User. The Membership agreement sets forth the terms and conditions under which the System provides services to the User.

Radio: a Project 25 compliant control station, consolette, mobile or portable radio assigned to the System that has a unique identification number.

Talk group: a unique group of radio users that can communicate with each other.

State of Alaska Telecommunications Systems (SATS): the State of Alaska statewide telecommunications system microwave network.

System Management Office: the team of specialists responsible for management of operations of the System.

Sustained Operations and Maintenance (O&M): declaration by the Executive Council that the System is ready and capable to support real-time, on-demand and secure public safety communications, and has received Authority to Operate through certification and accreditation under DIACAP and other appropriate security programs.

User/Member: an agency, person, group, organization or other entity which has an existing written Membership Agreement with one of the Parties to the Agreement. The terms user and member are synonymous and interchangeable.

User Council: the User Council is responsible for recommending all operational and maintenance decisions affecting the System. Under the direction and supervision of the Executive Council, the User Council has the responsibility for management oversight and operations of the System. The User Council oversees the development of System operations plans, procedures and policies under the direction and guidance of the Executive Council.

1.0 Overview

The Alaska Land Mobile Radio (ALMR) Communications System is a digital trunked, wide-area network (WAN) shared system between the Department of Defense (DOD), the State of Alaska (SOA) and other federal and local government agencies. The fundamental objective of the ALMR Communications System, hereafter referred to as the “System,” is to provide reliable and secure interoperable communications for first responders especially during emergencies, critical situations and multiple agency exercises.

This Service Level Agreement (SLA) outlines the operations and maintenance (O&M) services required for the System infrastructure located at sites. Execution of the services in support of this SLA will be by qualified personnel who have Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) technical training and equipment to deliver required System infrastructure O&M services. Transportation, tools, materials, technical support and other items necessary to conform to this SLA are required services. This SLA applies to the supporting organization, and any vendors or sub-contractors engaged to fulfill the requirements of this SLA.

The SLA will govern the maintenance of System equipment, as defined within, to the level of performance indicated, effective the date of final signature. The System includes the land mobile radio system, communications transport network, supporting sites and site support equipment. Specific details follow at Section 2.

1.1 Introduction

The services detailed in this SLA are provided by the Technical Support Team to the User Council in support of network, infrastructure, assets, configuration, security and user management and support. Appendix B contains a list of the processes that make up the Technical Support Team approach to O&M of the System.

1.2 Not in Scope of the SLA

The following components are not included in the scope of this SLA: subscriber units, mobile units and consolettes. As such, the maintenance effort and related costs for these components are the responsibility of the respective users that own/operate them.

The State of Alaska Telecommunications System (SATS) O&M costs and related SATS components are also not covered by this SLA. The value of the bandwidth provided by SATS, and used by the System, will be addressed from the perspective of cost and quality only.

2.0 System Description

The System is a Motorola ASTRO 25™ Digital Trunking WAN SmartZone solution that consists of the System infrastructure and multiple subsystems, as described below.

2.1 System Equipment

The System is a multiple-zone design that is divided into two zones. All sites south of the Denali Highway are in Zone 1, while those sites north of the Denali Highway are in Zone 2. Each zone has a Master Site and a number of radio frequency (RF) sites. The Master Site for Zone 1 is located in Anchorage at Tudor Road. The Master Site for Zone 2 is located in Fairbanks on Fort Wainwright at Birch Hill.

2.1.1 Master Sites

The Tudor Road Master Site for Zone 1 serves as a core network center for the entire SmartZone system. Data packets from the various System sites are routed through, and processed from, this network center. The user configuration server for the System is located at the Zone 1 Master Site. The Tudor Road site is interconnected to the Zone 2 Master Site at Birch Hill via multiple T1 circuits originating and terminating into Nortel WAN switches at each end.

The Birch Hill SmartZone Master Site as Zone 2 serves as a core network center for Zone 2. Data packets from the various System sites are routed through and processed from this network center.

Equipment associated with each Master Site includes a primary and redundant Zone Controller, the main Ethernet switch, core, gateway and exit routers, and zone database, system level and network security servers. Both Master Sites also include a console subsystem consisting of a Motorola Gold Elite Gateway (MGEG), an ambassador electronics bank (AEB), and a central electronics bank (CEB) with associated base interface modules (BIMs).

2.1.2 Radio Frequency (RF) Site Equipment

The RF site equipment includes a quantity of Motorola Quantar IntelliSite Repeaters, redundant site controllers, redundant Ethernet switches and routers to interface the data packets to the SmartZone Master Sites. The RF equipment includes the associated multi-coupler, combiner, antenna system, Motorola System Control and Data (MOSCAD) fault alarm system and 48 VDC power supplies. For purposes of this SLA, this category also includes bi-directional amplifier systems (BDAs) that support wide-area connectivity (Whittier Tunnel) and the associated RF antenna systems consisting of transmit and receive antennas, coaxial cables, lightning arrestors, grounding kits and mounting brackets/other fasteners.

2.2 Subsystem Equipment

Subsystem equipment connects directly to the System or enhances the System functionality. These subsystems include dispatch consoles, CEBs, Key Management Facilities (KMFs), Network Management Terminals (NMTs), telephone interconnect systems, logging recorders, data servers and BDAs that apply to a specific building.

2.2.1 Console System

Console systems are made up of remote or local dispatch console positions and the CEB. The console positions can be connected to a CEB located at the zone controller or a CEB at the agency location. It takes one T1 (24 Digital Signal 0s, i.e. DS0s) to connect a CEB to the AEB at the zone controller. It takes three DS0s per remote console position to connect to the CEB. An additional ten DS0s are required for console programming regardless of the CEB location.

2.2.1.1 Consoles can also operate using control stations to access the System. Consoles using this configuration do not connect to a CEB and do not have any remote connectivity requirements. Rather, the control stations provide a wireless connection to the System

2.2.1.2 Some agencies have chosen to install bulk encryption equipment to encrypt the links between the CEB and the console positions, and the CEB and AEB. This equipment does not increase the bandwidth requirement.

2.2.1.3 The BIM cards installed in the CEB allow conventional radio resources like base stations and air-to-ground radios to be used by the console dispatcher along with trunked talk groups. This capability provides System interoperability with conventional radio systems through a patch, or by communicating directly with non-System radios.

2.2.1.4 Tie trunks are connections between two BIM cards in different CEBs. These can be permanent or temporary patches that link different dispatch systems and their associated resources.

2.2.2 Key Management Facility (KMF)

The Motorola ASTRO 25™ system allows two-way radio transmissions to be encrypted and secure. The KMF is a solution for centralized key management and over-the-Air-rekeying (OTAR). The KMF equipment includes a KMF application server, KMF database server and KMF client.

2.2.3 Network Management Terminals (NMT)

NMTs are consoles that connect to the System. The NMT is used by user System Managers and technologists to manage their radio fleet, units and configurations. While NMTs can be utilized to manage and operate more than one agency's System operations, they are usually controlled by one Agency.

2.2.4 Telephone Interconnect

The telephone interconnect subsystem provides a means to connect the System with the Public Switched Telephone Network (PSTN) allowing properly programmed System subscriber radios to initiate and receive half-duplex telephone calls. Telephone interconnectivity is not considered a critical service. The telephone interconnect system is located at the Zone 2 Master Site at Birch Hill.

2.2.5 Logging Recorder

Voice logging recorders are directly associated with the console system at a particular dispatch location.

2.2.6 Data Server

Includes all equipment associated with the integrated voice and data servers which can provide data over the internet protocol (IP) network.

2.2.7 Bi-Directional Amplifier (BDA)

BDAs extend coverage into, or within, a particular facility or tunnel by repeating transmissions to and from an available donor RF site. BDAs for infrastructure sites are addressed under the RF site equipment category.

2.3 Motobridge™ Gateway System

The System team has installed a Motorola Motobridge™ gateway network that has connectivity to System talk groups, but it is separate from the System network. It is on a State of Alaska local area network (LAN) with connectivity through SATS.

The Motobridge™ system provides interoperability between various communications networks with a radio-over-IP system. Central management of the System is provided by dual-redundant management servers located in Fairbanks and Anchorage. Other components consist of dispatch positions with Work Station Gateway Units (WSGU) and computer consoles for linking conventional and trunked two-way radio systems together, and Radio Gateway Units (RGU) that physically tie the dissimilar radio resources to the network.

2.3.1 Operations Management Center (OMC) Server

The OMC Server is the main management server in the System and a central repository where all System users and resources (i.e. administrators, dispatchers and radios) are registered, and where System-wide information (i.e. active patches and conferences, security parameters, etc.) is stored. The OMC Server runs on the Red Hat Linux operating system. A user-level interface to the OMC Server is provided by the Administrator Control Panel (ACP) Client PC. The primary OMC Server is located in

Zone 1 at the Anchorage Emergency Operations Center (EOC) and the secondary OMC Server is located in Zone 2 at the Fairbanks EOC.

2.3.2 Administrator Control Panel (ACP)

The ACP Client PC allows an administrator, located anywhere in the System, to perform management activities for the System. The ACP Client PC runs on the Microsoft XP operating system. An ACP Client PC is located with each of the OMC servers.

2.3.3 Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) Proxy Server

The SIP Proxy Server is a signaling server for establishing talk paths (calls) across the system. The SIP Proxy Server complies with international standards for multimedia call routing and telephony services in the Internet. The SIP Proxy Server interacts with the gateway units in the System, which implements the SIP user-agent portion of the standard. The SIP Proxy Server runs on the Red Hat Linux operating system.

2.3.4 Radio Gateway Unit (RGU) and WorkStation Gateway Unit (WSGU)

The gateway units are based on one hardware platform which can be configured to serve as either a RGU or a WSGU. The RGU connects radio equipment to the System. The WSGU interfaces with the Dispatch Console PC to provide the Motobridge™ dispatch position used by the public safety interoperability dispatcher.

2.3.5 The Dispatch Console PC

The Dispatch Console PC enables a dispatcher to activate the WSGU, which allows control over a large number of connected remote radios, intercom connections, audio conferences and phone calls. The Dispatch Console PC runs on the Microsoft XP operating system.

2.4 Site Equipment

A major component of the System is the remote equipment sites as identified at Appendix A. Without appropriate site and supporting equipment, the System will not function properly. The supporting site equipment includes communication equipment shelters, transmission towers, site/backup power and site physical area.

2.4.1 Shelters

This category includes all stand-alone shelters, both pre-fabricated and stick-built, used for housing System and associated communication equipment. For areas within existing buildings, this also includes required improvements to the rooms where the System and associated communications equipment is housed. Components in the shelters include racks, internal wiring, external ice bridges, foundations and leveling, exterior lighting, air conditioners, louvers, fans and door locks.

2.4.2 Towers

This category includes all components of the tower including the foundation, frame and ladders, painting, guys (as applicable), beacons, foundations and anchors.

2.4.3 Site/Back-Up Power

This category includes the distribution panel for external power, inverters, battery plants, battery chargers and generators. Also included are generator fuel tanks, generator enclosures and exhaust piping. All internal and external grounding must be in working order and maintained through the life of System usage. This category includes backup generators and uninterruptible power source (UPS) systems associated with the zone controllers.

2.4.4 Site Physical Area

This category includes all activities for the right-of-way and the area surrounding the structure for which the System is responsible. This would include grading, plowing and graveling access roads, brushing, mowing and fencing around the area where the shelter and tower are located.

2.4.5 Equipment and Site Grounding

All site equipment shall be bonded together to form a single common earth ground electrode system as outlined in the Motorola "R56 - Standards and Guidelines for Communication Systems." All internal and external grounding must be in working order and maintained through the life of System usage.

2.5 Transportable/Deployable Systems

The System includes two transportable/deployable systems. The transportables are designed to function as stand-alone systems or to connect with and be an integral part of the System. Each transportable/deployable consists of multiple modules that can be transported via tractor-trailer, C-130/similar-sized cargo plane or Chinook/similar-sized helicopter. Transportable 1 encompasses all four modules, while Transportable 2 does not have Module 4 (the 4.5 Meter C-Band Satellite Earth Station Antenna Skid). Only the modules required for the mission will be transported for set up.

2.5.1 Module One – Communication Shelter

The communications shelter module is approximately 9 feet wide by 16 feet long by 9 feet high. It contains a five-channel RF site, satellite control interface, an unlicensed 5.8 GHz microwave radio, a CEB and a 48 VDC battery plant for 8 hours run time.

2.5.2 Module Two – Dispatch Shelter

The dispatch shelter is approximately 9 feet wide by 16 feet long by 9 feet high. It contains one Motorola Gold Elite console position and a Motobridge™ OMC, conventional UHF and VHF radios, marine band and air-to-ground radios, a Motobridge™ RGU, ACP, SIP server, WSGU and dispatch position.

2.5.3 Module Three – Tower/Power Skid

The tower/power skid is approximately 9 feet wide by 20 feet long and contains a 35KW self-contained diesel generator and integral fuel tank for three continuous days of operation at half load. It also contains a 50-foot powered crank-up tower. It has permanently mounted antennas for the RF site and two conventional frequencies.

2.5.4 Module Four – C-Band Satellite Earth Station Antenna Skid

A C-Band transportable earth station is provided with an Andrew 4.5 Meter Tri-Fold antenna mounted on a trailer/skid approximately 9 feet wide by 20 feet long.

2.5.5 Module Five – Logistics Skid

The logistics skid is utilized to store ancillary equipment that supports the transportable system for and during deployment. It also serves as a facility for maintenance operations while in the deployed state. The logistics skid measures 9 feet wide, by 20 feet long, by 9 feet high. It is air and ground transport ready.

2.5.6 Transporter – The Transporter is a tracked, all-terrain trailer used to transport the modules short distances, move the modules from hot storage, stage modules for deployment, and place the modules back into their original configuration upon redeployment (North and South Zone).

2.6 Communications Transport Network

All voice and data signals that are carried on the System are transported to the Master Site Zone 1 controller at Tudor Road through SATS. SATS is comprised of multiple methods of network connectivity to include microwave, commercially leased T1s and local fiber networks. In some locations, the connectivity links are encrypted utilizing bulk encryption equipment.

The System channel banks provide a connectivity gateway from the System central controllers to the remote RF sites. The channel banks provide individual Channel Service Units (CSU) to each remote site location and link them to the Master Site zone controller.

2.7 Administration/Management

The System will be comprised of a number of full-time, permanent employees to maintain System administration, management and service. Job descriptions and duties for administration personnel are outlined at Appendix B.

2.7.1 General Administration

The Operations Manager will oversee all general administration activities as outlined at Appendix C.

2.7.2 Support - User Council

2.7.2.1 The Operations Manager (OM) will attend monthly meetings, or more often as requested, with the User Council and with designated representatives of System user groups to understand new communication needs and to communicate System information, conduct fleet map work sessions, and address questions, complaints, or clarifications about the System and other topics, as requested.

2.7.2.2 The OM will also prepare annually, with the collaboration of user personnel, a survey to determine the user satisfaction level with the coverage, features, functions, usability, management and service response for the System. The responses to the survey will be used to guide the User Council and the OM for improvements, changes, upgrades or additions needed for the System. If the user survey indicates that user satisfaction level is inadequate, in the judgment of User Council, the OM will initiate action to identify the areas of concern, develop a corrective action plan, and take necessary steps to resolve the unsatisfactory areas within their control.

2.7.3 Support - Technology Planning

2.7.3.1 The OM will keep abreast of new technology developments, advancements, announcements, standards and operational best practices in LMR-related technology.

2.7.3.2 The OM will report and meet periodically with the appropriate User Council personnel to discuss and evaluate new technology for applicability to the System. The OM will be present during System equipment testing or product reviews at the designated user facility and facilitate the test plan (if requested), check off procedures and the sign off documents.

2.7.3.3 An important initial consideration in enhancing the management of an existing wireless network is the condition, design and operations of the current wireless equipment. The OM will work closely with users to evaluate the current state of operations, equipment capabilities and recommend changes to User Council as necessary for improved management and operations of the System.

2.7.3.4 The OM working with the User Council, from time to time, will assess the goals and objectives of the System to identify the role radio communications plays in achieving the desired System operational objectives. Some of the activities that will be involved in the strategic technology planning process include but are not limited to:

2.7.3.4.1 Review currently available wireless technologies in the industry and evaluate their applicability to System functional, technical and agency requirements.

2.7.3.4.2 Evaluate changing technical and applicable User Council mission requirements to recommend how the System can be used more effectively.

2.7.3.4.3 Develop a plan in cooperation with the User Council for the necessary modification of hardware/software of the existing wireless System equipment.

2.7.4 Management Processes

Management and operational processes and procedures required for the smooth operation of the System are outlined at Appendix C.

2.7.5 System Management Services

The roles and responsibilities of the System Manager are defined in Section 3.3.1 of this SLA. A checklist of these roles and responsibilities will be developed and evaluated.

3.0 Service Level Requirements

The System is utilized by first responders and other public safety entities. It also supports day-to-day operations on DOD-AK installations. It is imperative that all components, including equipment and connectivity, are maintained at consistent operational levels, and available for day-to-day and emergency use.

3.1 Maintenance Levels

Acceptable maintenance levels are defined by the criticality of the equipment. The following is a generic description of each level.

Tables 3.1 through 3.7 describe each major System component category, define the performance measure, and identify the three maintenance levels.

3.1.1 Level A. This is the highest level of maintenance. In general, this is the maintenance level that is currently being provided under the existing maintenance contract.

3.1.2 Level B. This is the mid-range level of maintenance that may be desirable based on cost and the criticality of the asset to which it applies.

3.1.3 Level C. This is the lowest acceptable level of maintenance. In most cases, this level will not be chosen unless the cost of Levels A and B are prohibitive.

3.1.4 The last column of the tables indicates whether the costs will be shared by all users or paid by the owners of the equipment. A further description and rationale for the cost sharing approach is provided in Section 4.0.

3.1.5 Concurrently, there will be only one service level for each System component. Service level definitions are identified in Table 3.8. This defines the response time for repair/restoration of the system component. The service level will be selected by the User Council based on cost and the desired level of service. This service level will be revisited annually, and adjusted to meet the current operational and financial needs of the user.

Table 3-1 System Equipment

System Equipment	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Master Site - Zone Controllers</p> <p>Master Site zone controllers are the brains of the System. Each Master Site has two redundant zone controllers, which minimizes site failures. If a Master Site does fail, the RF sites in the associated zone will go into site-trunking mode. The other zone will continue normal operations for the sites in that zone. Cross-zone, wide-area dispatch will be lost.</p> <p>*The Municipality of Anchorage Wide-Area Network (AWARN) Zone Controller</p>	<p>% Customer Desired Uptime</p> <p>Severity Level Response</p>	<p>99.999%</p> <p>Refer to Table in Section 3.8</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>Shared</p> <p>*Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Radio Frequency (RF) Site Equipment</p> <p>RF site equipment provides transmission and receiving capabilities for a particular coverage area that links subscriber equipment with the zone controller, and back to dispatch centers and other subscriber equipment. This category also includes infrastructure and RF antenna systems.</p>	<p>% Customer Desired Uptime</p> <p>Severity Level Response</p>	<p>99.999%</p> <p>Refer to Table in Section 3.8</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>Shared</p>

Table 3-2 Subsystem Equipment

Subsystem Equipment	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Console System</p> <p>The console system links dispatch consoles to the System. When the console system is not functioning, dispatchers cannot communicate to subscribers over the System. This can be mitigated by use of consolettes as a backup.</p>	<p>% Scheduled Uptime</p>	<p>99.999%</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>Paid by Console Owners</p>
<p>Key Management Facility (KMF)</p> <p>The KMF system distributes keys over the air to enabled and authorized subscriber equipment. Failure of the KMF system may result in incompatible keys among subscriber units, preventing communication. A backup mechanism is manually keying the radios. KMF costs include both operations and connectivity.</p>	<p>% Scheduled Uptime</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>99%</p>	<p>Paid By Owners</p>
<p>Network Management Terminals</p> <p>Network management terminals allow System Managers and Technicians to manage and control the System.</p>	<p>% Scheduled Uptime</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>Agencies Connected to Zone Controllers Shared</p> <p>All Others Paid by Owners</p>

Subsystem Equipment	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Telephone Interconnect</p> <p>Telephone interconnect is an optional feature that blends LMR and the PSTN into a single capability. This capability can be replaced by cellular or land-line telephones where coverage exists.</p>	Not a Critical Service	N/A	N/A	N/A	Paid by Owners
<p>Logging Recorders</p> <p>Logging recorders are installed to keep track of/record conversations for response and liability purposes. They require the same level of availability as the System itself.</p>	% Scheduled Uptime	99.999%	99.99%	99.9%	Paid by Owners
<p>Data Servers</p> <p>Data servers are designed to provide supporting information. They are not currently deployed, but are planned for the DOT and the Alaska State Troopers. If not available, this information can be provided through dispatch.</p>	% Scheduled Uptime	99%	N/A	N/A	Paid by Owners
<p>Bi-Directional Amplifiers (BDAs)</p> <p>BDAs provide RF coverage in locations that have little to no coverage. Since BDA performance cannot be tracked unless the user is physically present at that location, responses will have to be on a break-fix basis.</p>	Preventive Maintenance Inspection	Annual	N/A	N/A	Building Specific Paid by Owners

Table 3-3 Motobridge™ Gateway System

Motobridge™ Gateway System	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>OMC/ACP/SIP</p> <p>The OMC/ACP/SIP may need to support critical operations and will need a high level of availability. Initially, an annual Preventive Maintenance Inspection (PMI) will be conducted to fully evaluate the operational readiness of the equipment. As use of these components expands, they will move to a percentage uptime status.</p>	<p>Migrate to % Uptime As Incentive Dictates</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>99%</p>	<p>Shared</p>
<p>WSGU/Dispatch Console</p> <p>Motobridge™ WSGU/dispatch console resources will be used on an as-needed basis. Failures will be addressed on a break-fix basis for each particular location. An annual PMI will be conducted to fully evaluate the operational readiness of the equipment. Deviations identified during the PMI will be corrected within 90 days.</p>	<p>Migrate to % Uptime As Incentive Dictates</p>	<p>99.99</p>	<p>99.99</p>	<p>99.9</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>
<p>RGU/Radio Resources</p> <p>Motobridge™ RGU/radio resources will be used on an as-needed basis. Failures will be addressed on a break-fix basis for each particular location. An annual PMI will be conducted to fully evaluate the operational readiness of the equipment. Deviations identified during the PMI will be corrected within 90 days.</p>	<p>Migrate to % Uptime As Incentive Dictates</p>	<p>Annual</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>

Table 3-4 Site Equipment

Site Equipment	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Shelters</p> <p>Shelters will be maintained as outlined in the Motorola “R56-Standards and Guidelines for Communication Systems,” and as amended and agreed upon by the User Council. This does not apply to third-party commercial providers, however it is expected that they would have a defined reasonable standard to which they adhere. An audit checklist will be completed during the annual PMI. Deviations identified during the PMI will be corrected within 90 days.</p>	<p>Preventive Maintenance Inspection</p> <p>Winterization</p>	<p>Annual</p> <p>Annual or More Often, as Needed</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Towers</p> <p>Towers will be maintained as outlined in the Motorola “R56-Standards and Guidelines for Communication Systems,” and as amended and agreed upon by the User Council. This does not apply to third-party commercial providers, however it is expected that they would have a defined reasonable standard to which they adhere. An audit checklist will be completed during the annual PMI. Deviations identified during the PMI will be corrected within 90 days.</p>	<p>Preventive Maintenance Inspection</p> <p>Winterization</p>	<p>Annual</p> <p>Annual or More Often, as Needed</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>

Site Equipment	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Site/Back-Up Power</p> <p>Site/back-up power, including panels, chargers, batteries and generators, will be maintained as outlined in the Motorola “R56-Standards and Guidelines for Communication Systems,” and as amended and agreed upon by the User Council. This does not apply to third-party commercial providers. However, it is expected that they would have a defined reasonable standard to which they adhere. An audit checklist will be completed during the annual PMI. Deviations identified during the PMI will be corrected within 90 days.</p>	<p>Preventive Maintenance Inspection</p> <p>Winterization</p>	<p>Annual</p> <p>Annual or More Often, as Needed</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Site Physical Area</p> <p>The site physical area will be maintained as outlined in the Motorola “R56-Standards and Guidelines for Communication Systems” and as amended and agreed upon by the User Council. This does not apply to third-party commercial providers. However, it is expected that they would have a defined reasonable standard to which they adhere. An audit checklist will be completed during the annual PMI. Deviations identified during the PMI will be corrected within 90 days.</p>	<p>Preventive Maintenance Inspection</p> <p>Winterization</p>	<p>Annual</p> <p>Annual or More Often, as Needed</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>

Site Equipment	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Equipment and Site Grounding</p> <p>Equipment and site grounding will be maintained as outlined in the Motorola "R56-Standards and Guidelines for Communication Systems," and as amended and agreed upon by the User Council. This does not apply to third-party commercial providers. However, it is expected that they would have a defined reasonable standard to which they adhere. An audit checklist will be completed during the annual PMI. Deviations identified during the PMI will be corrected within 90 days.</p>	<p>Preventive Maintenance Inspection</p> <p>Winterization</p>	<p>Annual</p> <p>Annual or More Often, As Needed</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>

Table 3-5 Transportable/Deployable Systems

Transportable/Deployable System	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Communication Shelter</p> <p>The components of the transportable/deployable systems will be kept in a ready state that can be prepared for deployment in 24 hours and setup on site within 4 hours of arrival. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the vendor.</p>	<p>Prepared for Deployment</p> <p>Setup On Site</p>	<p>24 Hours</p> <p>4 Hours</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Dispatch Shelter</p> <p>The components of the transportable/deployable systems will be kept in a ready state that can be prepared for deployment in 24 hours and setup on site within 4 hours of arrival. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the vendor.</p>	<p>Prepared for Deployment</p> <p>Setup On Site</p>	<p>24 Hours</p> <p>4 Hours</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Tower/Power Skid</p> <p>The components of the transportable/deployable systems will be kept in a ready state that can be prepared for deployment in 24 hours and setup on site within 4 hours of arrival. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the vendor.</p>	<p>Prepared for Deployment</p> <p>Setup On Site</p>	<p>24 Hours</p> <p>4 Hours</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>

Transportable/Deployable System	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Logistics Skid</p> <p>The components of transportable/deployable systems will be kept in a ready state that can be prepared for deployment in 24 hours and setup on site within 4 hours of arrival. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the vendor.</p>	<p>Prepared for Deployment</p> <p>Setup On Site</p>	<p>24 Hours</p> <p>4 Hours</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Meter C-Band Satellite Earth Station Antenna Skid</p> <p>The components of transportable/deployable systems will be kept in a ready state that can be prepared for deployment in 24 hours and setup on site within 4 hours of arrival. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the vendor.</p>	<p>Prepared for Deployment</p> <p>Setup On Site</p>	<p>24 Hours</p> <p>4 Hours</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Paid by Owners</p>

Table 3-6 Communications Transport Network

Communications Transport Network	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>SATS</p> <p>The communications transport network is required to have the same availability as the zone controllers and the RF equipment. Without SATS, System usage is impaired.</p>	<p>% Customer Desired Uptime</p> <p>Severity Level Response</p>	<p>99.999%</p> <p>Refer to Table in Section 3.8</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>Infrastructure (Actual Usage) Shared</p> <p>Console Connectivity (Actual Usage) Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Commercial Leased Circuits</p> <p>The communications transport network is required to have the same availability as the zone controllers and the RF equipment. Without the dedicated transport resources, System usage is impaired.</p>	<p>% Customer Desired Uptime</p> <p>Severity Level Response</p>	<p>99.999%</p> <p>Refer to Table in Section 3.8</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>Infrastructure (Actual Usage) Shared</p> <p>Console Connectivity (Actual Usage) Paid by Owners</p>
<p>User Provided</p> <p>The communications transport network is required to have the same availability as the zone controllers and the RF equipment. Without the user-provided transport, System usage is impaired.</p>	<p>% Customer Desired Uptime</p> <p>Severity Level Response</p>	<p>99.999%</p> <p>Refer to Table in Section 3.8</p>	<p>99.99%</p>	<p>99.9%</p>	<p>Infrastructure (Actual Usage) Shared</p> <p>Console Connectivity (Actual Usage) Paid by Owners</p>

Table 3-7 Operations/Management

Operations/Management	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>General Administration</p> <p>The roles and responsibilities of the Operations Manager are defined in Appendix B, Section 3, of this SLA. A checklist of these roles and responsibilities will be developed and evaluated.</p>	Operations Manager Checklist	Annual	N/A	N/A	Shared
<p>Support - User Council</p> <p>The Operations Manager will meet monthly with the User Council to address service levels and user issues. A monthly report will be presented addressing System performance and outages.</p>	Attend Meeting and Prepare Report	Monthly	N/A	N/A	Shared
<p>Support - Technology Planning</p> <p>The Operations Manager is required to continually assess the System technology versus those in the marketplace and ensure that the System is kept technically current. A report on this assessment will be prepared and presented to the User Council annually.</p>	Technology Assessment and Plan	Annual	N/A	N/A	Shared

Operations / Management	Measure	Maintenance Level A	Maintenance Level B	Maintenance Level C	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Management Processes</p> <p>The management processes that fall under this SLA are itemized at Appendix C. A monthly checklist itemizing compliance with these processes will be prepared and submitted by the Operations Manager to the User Council.</p>	<p>Management Process Checklist</p>	<p>Monthly</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Shared</p>
<p>System Management Services</p> <p>The roles and responsibilities of the System Manager are defined in Appendix B, Section 4 of this SLA. A checklist of these roles and responsibilities will be developed and evaluated.</p>	<p>System Manager Checklist</p>	<p>Monthly</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>N/A</p>	<p>Shared</p>

Table 3-8 Service Level Definitions

SEVERITY LEVEL	REMOTE TELEPHONE TECHNICAL SUPPORT RESPONSE TIMES	ON-SITE TECHNICAL RESPONSE TIME*	ON-SITE TECHNICAL REPAIR TIME*	PROBLEM TYPES	METRIC
Severity 1**	Within 1 hour from receipt of notification**	Within 4 hours from receipt of notification**	Within 4 hours from technical response**	Mission Critical: Major System failure – 33 % of system down; 33 % of site channels down; failure of the Master Site Controller or loss of an entire repeater site. Site environment alarms (smoke, access, temp, AC Power)	99.999%
Severity 2**	Within 4 hours from receipt of notification***	Within 4 hours from receipt of notification***	Within 4 hours from technical response***	Significant system impairment – not to exceed 33% of the system down	99.99%
Severity 3***	Within next business day	Within 24 hours from receipt of notification***	Within 24 hours from technical response***	Intermittent System issues – Parts questions; upgrades information questions; preventive maintenance. This level is meant to represent a minor issue that does not preclude use of the system, subsystem, product, or critical features.	99.9%
Severity 4***	As Scheduled***	As Scheduled***	As Scheduled***	Scheduled Maintenance – Scheduled Upgrades	99%

* May not apply in cases of inclement weather and/or subject to availability of specialty transportation

** Applicable 24 hours/day, 365 days/year

*** During standard business hours 7:30 a.m. – 4:30 p.m. local time, Monday through Friday)

3.2 Severity Events Defined

3.2.1 Severity 1 Events:

3.2.1.1 Database server down

3.2.1.2 User server down

3.2.1.3 UCS server down

3.2.1.4 Switches – all remote sites to site trunking

3.2.1.5 ZC1 – zone controller down

3.2.1.6 ZC/M – zone manager down

3.2.1.7 Interpose issues (OL System Only)

3.2.1.8 Port issues

3.2.1.9 CEB issues

3.2.1.10 Ambassador links and slots

3.2.1.11 Zone controller

3.2.1.12 MUX

3.2.1.13 Internet/router issues

3.2.1.14 Internet link issues

3.2.1.15 Sites Down – site unknown/not wide/failsoft; occurrence 5 minutes or greater; 3 occurrences in 30 minutes; or 5 occurrences in 60 minutes

3.2.1.16 Synch cards

3.2.1.17 Agents (SSC)

3.2.1.18 Trap forwarder (SSC)

3.2.1.19 33 percent or greater of site channels down

3.2.1.20 33 percent or greater down of any Severity 2 device

3.2.1.21 Intermittent problems

NOTE: Severity 1 events that are 33% or greater are dispatched on a 24/7 basis. All other events will be treated as Severity 2.

3.2.2 Severity 2 Events:

3.2.2.1 Zone manager

3.2.2.2 New fault

3.2.2.3 If remote restoration is not possible, then the event is upgraded to a Severity 1

3.2.2.4 Intermittent problems

3.2.2.5 Single site channels down

3.2.2.6 Wireline - single site channels down

3.2.2.7 Rx/Tx/Base Stations – single site channels down

NOTE: Severity 2 events are dispatched on Same Business Day (SBD), Monday – Friday, 7:30 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.

3.3 Qualifications for Performance

To properly support System O&M, users and service providers are required to have properly qualified personnel. This includes System Managers and System Technologist/Technicians. These requirements are minimum thresholds and non-negotiable. Those individuals filling these roles must be compliant 100 percent of the time.

3.3.1 System Manager (SM)

SMs are full-time employees assigned to oversee management and O&M of user's systems and operations. The SMs will have responsibility for fulfillment of the responsibilities of the user to the overall System, and the System operations as defined through the SLA. The SMs will be engaged in business, administrative and technical tasks. To successfully perform this role, the SM will be supported by the System Technologists/Technicians, and the user and vendor maintenance team, as required.

3.3.1.1 SM Qualifications

3.3.1.1.1 SMs will be able to effectively communicate via oral briefings and written documentation about current and future technology solutions to complex communications requirements. The SMs will be able to translate System communication needs to the appropriate representatives of the System equipment manufacturer including business staff, development engineers and technicians.

3.3.1.1.2 SMs must be available to be contacted/respond within twenty-four hours of service or information inquiries on project status and be able to discuss technical and business issues as they arise.

3.3.1.1.3 SMs will have a Bachelor Degree/equivalent experience in the telecommunications/LMR field to include specific application knowledge of Motorola ASTRO 25™ technology, Project 25, AES, OTAR, system fleet mapping, programming and configuration, and general wireless voice and data technologies. Additionally, overall application knowledge of LMR systems solutions to include trunking, Wide Area Voting, repeater, Simplex, and transportable radio communications systems is required. The SM will have computer skills in applicable databases, Microsoft Word, PowerPoint and radio programming software.

3.3.1.1.4 The SM must be trained by the System equipment manufacturers in the latest technologies that are deployed by the System.

3.3.2 System Technologist/Technician (ST)

3.3.2.1 STs are user or vendor employees who will provide maintenance activities in support of the System. STs will provide and support service work activity in the field with the user, or vendor end-user, and equipment fulfilling hands-on activity relating to maintenance tasks required to properly maintain the System. Additionally, the ST may assist user or vendor SMs in preparing reports, plans and communications.

3.3.2.2 To successfully perform their role, STs should be supported by the System equipment manufacturer's technical teams and the System maintenance support processes. Additionally, the ST will work directly with System fleet/net managers in regards to System and subscriber programming configurations and fleet maps.

3.3.2.3 The ST will be available and accessible within one hour (to provide four-hour response depending upon the issue severity level) to respond and address System technical issues.

3.3.2.1 ST Qualifications

3.3.2.1.1 User or vendor STs must have a minimum of five years experience in the telecommunications/LMR field. An Associate/technical degree is preferred. Recent specific experience with Motorola ASTRO 25™ technology, Project 25, AES, OTAR, system fleet mapping, programming and configuration is required. Additionally, overall application knowledge of LMR systems solutions to include trunking, Wide Area Voting, repeater, Simplex, and transportable radio communications systems is required. The ST will have computer skills in applicable databases, Microsoft Word, PowerPoint and radio programming software.

3.3.2.1.2 STs must be trained by the manufacturers in the latest technologies that are deployed by the System. Additionally, the ST will have access to the latest tools and support provided by the manufacturer in performance of tasks and duties.

3.4 Equipment

To properly support maintenance activities, users and vendors that are providing STs must have the necessary test equipment to provide proper service. This equipment must be properly maintained, including equipment calibration on a regular basis. At a minimum, STs are to have the following test equipment. These requirements are minimum thresholds and non-negotiable.

3.4.1 Electrostatic Discharge Field Service Kit

3.4.2 Cable Continuity Test Set

3.4.3 50 Ohm Load

3.4.4 Transmission Impairment Measuring Set

3.4.5 11 Gig Frequency Counter

3.4.6 6.x or above Compliant Communications Analyzer

3.4.7 Digital Multi-meter

3.4.8 Ground Resistance Tester

3.4.9 Dedicated Laptop without Wireless LAN

3.4.10 Appropriate Manuals

3.4.11 Telephone Butt Set

3.4.12 T1 Test Set

3.4.13 In-Line Watt Meter

3.4.14 XTS5000 or Equivalent Portables

3.4.15 RF Coax Test Cables

3.4.16 LAN Cable

3.4.17 Appropriate Serial Interface Cables

3.5. Training

The following courses are necessary to achieve System training goals. These requirements are minimum thresholds.

3.5.1 System Manager (SM):

3.5.1.1 ASTRO 25™ System IV & D – Bridging the Knowledge Gap

3.5.1.2 ASTRO 25™ System – Networking

3.5.1.3 ASTRO 25™ System IV & D – System Overview

3.5.1.4 ASTRO 25™ System IV & D – System Radio Network Management (Weeks 1 and 2)

3.5.1.5 ASTRO 25™ System – Over the Air Re-keying (OTAR), Key Management Facility (KMF) and Key Variable Loader (KVL)

3.5.2 System Technician (ST):

3.5.2.1 ASTRO 25™ System IV & D – Bridging the Knowledge Gap

3.5.2.2 ASTRO 25™ Systems – Networking

3.5.2.3 ASTRO 25™ System IV & D – System Overview

3.5.2.4 ASTRO 25™ System IV & D – System Radio Network Management (Weeks 1 and 2)

3.5.2.5 ASTRO 25™ System – Over the Air Re-keying (OTAR), Key Management Facility (KMF) and Key Variable Loader (KVL)

3.5.2.6 CentraCom Gold Elite Consoles

3.5.2.7 ASTRO 25™ System IV & D Technical System Workshop

3.5.2.8 ASTRO 25™ System IV & D Site Repeater Workshop

3.5.2.9 ASTRO 25™ System Radios – Quick Start

3.5.3 Operator/Supervisor:

3.5.3.1 CentraCom Gold Elite - Console Operator

3.5.3.2 CentraCom Gold Elite – Admin and Alias Database Manager (ADM)

3.5.4 MotoBridge™ Operator:

3.5.4.1 MotoBridge™ Operator

3.5.5 Subscriber User:

3.5.5.1 ASTRO 25™ XTS5000 – Portable and Operator

3.5.5.2 Mobile Data Terminals (as they come on line)

4.0 Cost/Cost Share

4.1 The cost of operating and maintaining the System may be handled in two ways. Those costs that benefit all users equally, and that would not be incurred if the System did not exist, will be shared by users. Conversely, those costs that would be borne by the owners regardless of whether or not the System existed, or those costs that apply to features requested and used by specific user, will be borne by only those users. Any and all costs borne by the users are due contingent upon availability of appropriated funds.

4.2 Using the same components and categories as in Section 3 to address service levels, the remainder of this section addresses only the proposed cost share approach of each major System component.

Table 4.2 Subsystem Equipment

Subsystem Equipment	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Console System</p> <p>Consoles provide specific control for a particular user. Furthermore, the user specifies the programming in that console to fit their needs. Because of this level of control, O&M costs for consoles should be paid for by the owners.</p>	Paid by Console Owners
<p>Key Management Facility (KMF)</p> <p>Each KMF terminal is distinct and is controlled by the owner. As a result, the costs of operating/maintaining each KMF terminal should be paid by the owner.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Network Management Terminal (NMT)</p> <p>NMTs provide System Managers and System Technicians direct access to the zone controller. Since the zone controllers O&M costs are shared, NMT costs should also be shared. O&M costs for all their NMTs are paid by the owners of those terminals.</p>	<p>Agencies Connected to Zone Controllers Shared</p> <p>All Others Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Telephone Interconnect</p> <p>Telephone interconnect can be issued by any user with a compatible radio and knowledge of the access number.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Logging Recorder</p> <p>Logging recorders are dedicated to specific dispatch centers. Since console O&M costs are borne by the user, logging recorder costs should also.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Data Server</p> <p>Data servers are designed to provide supporting information. They are not currently deployed, but are planned for DOT and the Alaska State Troopers. Since these agencies need this data, the costs of operating/maintaining these servers should be paid by the owners of the servers.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Bi-Directional Amplifier (BDA)</p> <p>BDAs provide RF coverage in locations that have little/no coverage through normal propagation. Since BDAs, and specifically those that provide in-building coverage, expand coverage to meet specific user needs (i.e. Ted Stevens Airport), their O&M costs should be paid by the owner of the BDAs.</p>	Building Specific Paid by Owners

Table 4.3 Motobridge™ Gateway System

Motobridge™ Gateway System	Proposed Cost Share
<p>OMC/AC /SIP</p> <p>The OMC/ACP/SIP may need to support critical operations and will need a high level of availability. As a result, their O&M costs will be shared by all users.</p>	Shared
<p>WSGU/Dispatch Console</p> <p>Motobridge™ WSGU/dispatch console provides the capability to connect systems on a planned or ad hoc basis into a local dispatch center. As such, O&M should be treated that same as dispatch consoles (i.e. paid by the owner).</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>RGU/Radio Resource</p> <p>Motobridge™ RGU/radio resources provide the capability to connect systems on a planned or ad hoc basis into a local dispatch center. As such, O&M costs should be treated that same as dispatch consoles (i.e. paid by the owner).</p>	Paid by Owners

Table 4.4 Site Equipment

Site Equipment	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Shelters</p> <p>Shelters would exist and need to be maintained regardless of whether the System exists or not. As a result, the cost of shelter maintenance will be paid by the shelter owners.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Towers</p> <p>Towers would exist and need to be maintained regardless of whether the System exists or not. As a result, the cost of tower maintenance will be paid by the tower owners.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Site/Back-Up Power</p> <p>Site/backup power would exist and need to be maintained regardless of whether the System exists or not. As a result, the cost of site/backup power maintenance will be paid by the site power owners.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Site Physical Area</p> <p>The site physical area would exist and need to be maintained regardless of whether the System exists or not. As a result, the cost of site area maintenance will be paid by the site owners.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Equipment and Site Grounding</p> <p>Equipment and site grounding would exist and need to be maintained regardless of whether the System exists or not. As a result, the cost of equipment and site grounding maintenance will be paid by the equipment owners.</p>	Paid by Owners

Table 4.5 Transportable/Deployable Systems

Transportable/Deployable System	Proposed Cost Share
<p>Communication Shelter</p> <p>The cost of keeping transportable/deployable systems in a ready state that can be deployed in 24 hours will be paid by the agency responsible for these units. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the user or vendor.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Dispatch Shelter</p> <p>The cost of keeping the transportable/deployable systems in a ready state that can be deployed in 24 hours will be paid by the agency responsible for these units. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the user or vendor.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Tower/Power Skid</p> <p>The cost of keeping the transportable/deployable systems in a ready state that can be deployed in 24 hours will be paid by the agency responsible for these units. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the user or vendor.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>Logistics Skid</p> <p>The cost of keeping the transportable/deployable systems in a ready state that can be deployed in 24 hours will be paid by the agency responsible for these units. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the user or vendor.</p>	Paid by Owners
<p>C-Band Satellite Earth Station Antenna Skid</p> <p>The cost of keeping the transportable/deployable systems in a ready state that can be deployed in 24 hours will be paid by the agency responsible for these units. Specific procedures to achieve this state of readiness will be developed and implemented by the user or vendor.</p>	Paid by Owners

NOTE: The cost of deploying any component of the transportable/deployable system will be paid by the requesting agency.

Table 4.6 Communications Transport Network

Communications Transport Network	Proposed Cost Share
<p>SATS</p> <p>The cost of the portion of SATS used by the shared infrastructure will be shared by all System users. Those fair-market value costs of those portions of SATS used to benefit only a specific user (such as to connect a dispatch site) will be borne by that user.</p>	<p>Infrastructure (Actual Usage) Shared</p> <p>Console Connectivity (Actual Usage) Paid by Owners</p>
<p>Commercial Leased Circuits</p> <p>The cost of the portion of commercial leased circuits used by the shared infrastructure will be shared by all System users. Those fair-market value costs of those portions of leased circuits used to benefit only a specific user (such as to connect a dispatch site) will be borne by that user.</p>	<p>Infrastructure (Actual Usage) Shared</p> <p>Console Connectivity (Actual Usage) Paid by Owners</p>
<p>User Provided</p> <p>The cost of the portion of user-provided circuits used by the shared infrastructure will be shared by all System users. Those fair-market value costs of those portions of user-provided circuits used to benefit only a specific user (such as to connect a dispatch site) will be borne by that user.</p>	<p>Infrastructure (Actual Usage) Shared</p> <p>Console Connectivity (Actual Usage) Paid by Owners</p>

Table 4.7 Operations/Management

Operations / Management	Proposed Cost Share
<p>General Administration</p> <p>The Operations Manager’s organization benefits the entire System and portions cannot be separated to a specific user or set of users.</p>	Shared
<p>Support - User Council</p> <p>Costs of supporting the User Council benefit the entire System and portions cannot be separated and associated with a specific user or set of users. These costs include meeting, travel and other reasonable expenses.</p>	Shared
<p>Support - Technology Planning</p> <p>The costs of continually assessing the System technology versus those in the marketplace, and ensuring that the System is kept technically current, cannot be separated or associated with a specific user or set of users.</p>	Shared
<p>Management Processes</p> <p>The management processes that fall under this SLA, and itemized at Appendix C cannot be separated and associated with a specific user or set of users.</p>	Shared
<p>System Management Services and Processes</p> <p>The cost of overall System performance monitoring and network management cannot be separated and associated with a specific user or set of users.</p>	Shared

STATE OF ALASKA SIGNATURE PAGE

Signed:

Annette E. Kreitzer
Commissioner, Department of Administration
State of Alaska

Date: _____
(On Behalf of All State Agencies)

Signed:

Walt Monegan
Commissioner, Department of Public Safety
ALMR SOA Executive Council Representative

Date: _____

3RD WING, ELMENDORF AIR FORCE BASE

Signed:

Thomas W. Bergeson
Colonel, USAF
Commander, 3rd Wing

Date: _____

354TH FIGHTER WING, EIELSON AIR FORCE BASE

Signed:

Mark W. Graper
Brigadier General, USAF
Commander, 354th Fighter Wing

Date: _____

U.S. Army Alaska

Signed:

Stephen R. Layfield
Major General, USA
Commanding General, U.S. Army Alaska

Date: _____

FEDERAL EXECUTIVE ASSOCIATION SIGNATURE PAGE

Signed:

Laura K. Furgione
President
Federal Executive Association of Alaska
(On behalf of the Participating Non-DoD Federal
Agencies in the Federal Executive Association)

Date: _____

**Appendix A
Minimum Site Bandwidth Requirements**

Table A-1 RF Site Bandwidth Requirements.

	Radio Communication Site	Connectivity to SATS/Master Site	Bandwidth (DS0) *
1	Alcantra – Wasilla	SOA M/W	8
2	Anchor River - Anchor Point	SOA M/W	6
3	Atwood Bldg – Anchorage (VHF)	SOA M/W	16
4	Auke Lake – Juneau	SOA M/W and GCI leased	4
5	Bailey Hill – Palmer	SOA M/W	8
6	Beaver Creek – Alaska Highway	SOA M/W	8
7	Beckwitts Bluff - Mat-Su	SOA M/W	Not Operational
8	Birch Hill - Fort Wainwright	SOA M/W	10
9	Black Rapids - Richardson Highway	AT&T leased CKT	6
10	Blueberry Hill - Eagle River	MOA M/W	6
11	Byers Creek - Parks Highway	SOA M/W	6
12	Canyon Creek - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	10
13	Cathedral Rapids - Alaska Highway	SOA M/W	6
14	Chulitna - Parks Highway	SOA M/W	6
15	Clear – Clear	AT&T leased CKT	6
16	Cooper Mountain - Seward Highway	SOA M/W	6
17	Cottonwood - Wasilla	SOA M/W	6
18	Delta - Delta Junction	SOA M/W	10
19	Diamond Ridge – Homer	SOA M/W	6
20	Divide - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	6
21	Donnelly Dome - Fort Greely	DOD M/W	6
22	Dot Lake - Alaska Highway	SOA M/W	5
23	Ernestine Mountain - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	6
24	Ester Dome - Fairbanks	SOA M/W	5
25	Fire Station 12 - VHF - Anchorage	MOA M/W	13
26	Garner - Parks Highway	SOA M/W	6
27	Girdwood – Girdwood	SOA M/W	6
28	Glennallen – Glennallen	SOA M/W	8
29	Grandview/Tunnel - Seward Highway	ARRC CKT	Not Operational
30	Haines – Haines	GCI, AT&T and SOA M/W	Not Operational
31	Harding Lake - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	6
32	Heney Range – Cordova	SOA M/W	5
33	High Mountain – Ketchikan	GCI and SOA M/W	Not

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	Radio Communication Site	Connectivity to SATS/Master Site	Bandwidth (DS0) *
			Operational
34	Hill 3265 – Eielson	DOD M/W	6
35	Honolulu - Parks Highway	SOA M/W	8
36	Hope – Hope	SOA M/W	6
37	Hunter - Seward Highway	ARRC CKT	6
38	Hurricane - Parks Highway	SOA M/W	8
39	Independent Ridge	SOA M/W	5
40	Juneau Dimond Courthouse	SOA MW	4
41	Kasilof – Kenai	SOA M/W	6
42	Kenai PRISM – Kenai	SOA M/W	6
43	Lena Pt – Juneau	SOA M/W	3
44	Lion's Head - Glenn Highway	SOA M/W	8
45	Miami Lake – Parks Highway	SOA M/W	Not Operational
46	Money Knob - Dalton Highway (Livengood)	SOA M/W	6
47	Moose Pass – Seward Hwy	SOA M/W	6
48	Mt Sunny Hay – Craig		Not Operational
49	Nenana - Parks Highway	SOA M/W	6
50	Nikiski – Nikiski	SOA M/W	6
51	Paxson - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	6
52	Peger Road – Fairbanks	SOA M/W	7
53	Petersburg- Petersburg		Not Operational
54	Pillar Mountain – Kodiak	SOA M/W	6
55	Pipeline Hills - Sterling Highway	SOA M/W	6
56	Pole Hill – Eielson Air Force Base	DOD M/W	6
57	Portage – Portage	ARRC and ACS	6
58	Quarry Hill – Eielson Air Force Base	DOD M/W	8
59	R1North – Elmendorf Air Force Base	DOD M/W	216
60	Rabbit Creek – Anchorage	SOA M/W	6
61	Reindeer Hills – Parks Highway	SOA M/W	6
62	Saddle Mountain – Juneau	SOA M/W & Leased CKT	4
63	Sawmill - Glenn Highway	SOA M/W	8
64	Seldovia – Seldovia	SOA M/W	6
65	Seward - Seward Highway	SOA M/W	6
66	Silvertip - Seward Highway	SOA M/W	6
67	Site Summit - Fort Richardson	DOD M/W	13
68	Sitka – Sitka		Not Operational
69	Skagway – Skagway		Not

**Alaska Land Mobile Radio Communications System
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	Radio Communication Site	Connectivity to SATS/Master Site	Bandwidth (DS0) *
			Operational
70	Ski Hill – Soldotna	SOA M/W	6
71	Sourdough - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	8
72	Sterling – Kenai	SOA M/W	6
73	Summit Lake – Seward Highway	SOA M/W	6
74	Tahneta Pass – Glenn Highway	SOA M/W	8
75	Ted Stevens AIAP - VHF - Anchorage	SOA M/W	13
76	Tok - Alaska Highway	SOA M/W	5
77	Tolsona - Glen Highway	SOA M/W	8
78	Trims - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	6
79	Tsina - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	6
80	Valdez – Valdez	SOA M/W	13
81	Whittier – Whittier	SOA M/W & Leased CKT	6
82	Willow Creek – Willow	SOA M/W	6
83	Willow Mountain - Richardson Highway	SOA M/W	6
84	Wolcott Mountain – Seward Highway	SOA M/W	6
85	Womans Bay – Kodiak	SOA M/W	6
86	Wrangell – Wrangell	GCI, AT&T and SOA M/W	6
87	Yanert - Parks Highway	SOA M/W	6
88	Birch Hill – Controller	SOA M/W	Not Applicable
89	Tudor Road – Controller	SOA M/W	Not Applicable

* Bandwidth reflects the actual and projected usage within ALMR.

Table A-2 Other Site Connectivity Requirements

	Site	Connectivity to SATS/Master Site	Ancillary Equipment Bandwidth (DS0)						
			CEB DS0	Console DS0	NMT DS0	KMF DS0	Radio Patch DS0	Telephone Interconnect DS0	Motobridge™
1	Anchorage EOC	MOA M/W							Y
2	Armory - Fort Richardson	SOA M/W		Y					
3	Birch Hill – Controller	SOA M/W							
4	Eielson Air Force Base	DOD M/W	24	Y	8	Y			
5	Elmendorf Air Force Base	DOD M/W	24	Y	8	Y			Y
6	Fairbanks EOC - Fairbanks	SOA M/W		Y					
7	Fairbanks PD - Fairbanks	SOA M/W	24	Y					
8	Fort Greely	DOD M/W		6	8	Y			
9	Fort Richardson	DOD M/W		Y	8	Y			Y
10	Fort Wainwright	SOA M/W	0	10	8	Y		Y	
11	MATCOM	SOA M/W							Y
12	Ted Stevens Anchorage International Airport - Anchorage	SOA M/W		Y					
13	Transportable 1		24	Y					Y
14	Transportable 2		24	Y					Y
15	Tudor Road								
16	Valdez PD – Valdez			Y					
17	USCG Tie Trunk						1		
19	DOT						1		

Appendix B Roles and Responsibilities

1.0 Executive Council. The Executive Council will empower the User Council to define, modify and select the support services as defined within this document.

2.0 User Council. The User Council will define, modify and select the support services as defined within this document.

2.1 General Responsibilities. The User Council has the following general responsibilities under this agreement:

2.1.1 Define the level of System maintenance and operations services required, and present this information to the Executive Council.

2.1.2 The User Council will conduct business in a courteous and professional manner with the Technical Support Team.

2.1.3 The User Council will provide all information required to open a support request.

2.1.4 The User Council will log all information from the Technical Support Team required to establish contact information, document the nature of the problem and the Technical Support Team hardware/network environment, as applicable.

3.0 Operations Manager. The Operations Manager is a cost-shared position and reports functionally to the User Council, yet has the authority to represent the User Council interests and make decisions on issues related to the day-to-day operation of the System, and any urgent or emergency System operational or repair decisions, as permitted by this and any and all other memoranda of understanding or agreement.

An urgent/emergency situation will be one where immediate decision authority is needed to allow the System as a whole, or any of the critical components, to continue supporting normal wide-area communications.

It is recognized that the Operations Manager may have to obtain authorizations from higher levels of the User Council or the Executive Council to make longer-term or non-emergency capital or repair expenditure decisions.

3.1 Direct Responsibilities. The Operations Manager has direct responsibility for:

3.1.1 All activities dealing with the operations support for portions of the shared System infrastructure that have been declared operational and transferred from the Joint Project Management Team implementation responsibility to an O&M responsibility, as approved by the ALMR Executive Council.

3.1.2 Coordinating with the User Council to manage the operation of System to comply with specified parameters, service levels and metrics defined in this SLA.

3.1.3 Coordinating with the User Council to recommend policies, procedures, contracts, organizations and agreements that provide the service levels as defined in this SLA.

3.1.4 Coordinating/cooperating with the User Council to sustain/improve the Customer Support Plan (CSP). Associated processes and procedures include: access to sites; call desk procedures; service call reporting; escalation processes and rules; metrics for measuring user satisfaction and other critical components associated with providing user support; and sustaining and restoring operations to meet the user needs, subject to approval of the Executive Council

3.1.5 Coordinating with the User Council to devise metrics and gather data that demonstrate compliance with this SLA, subject to approval by the Executive Council

3.1.6 Reporting results and providing feedback on operational support issues, metrics, and other critical operational issues to the User and Executive Councils on a regular basis, but monthly at a minimum.

3.2 General Responsibilities. The Operations Manager has general responsibility for:

3.2.1 Overall operations management of the System for day-to-day and emergency operations.

3.2.2 Acting as the single point of contact between the User Council and the O&M agencies and organizations.

3.2.3 Annual operations budget development for sustainment and operation of the system, operations management, and User Council administration.

3.2.4 Development of emergency operation response plans.

3.2.5 Quality control plans development and implementation.

3.2.6 Security control plans implementation and auditing actions.

3.2.7 Monthly operational and maintenance reports to the User Council to include, at a minimum, system availability calculations, issues and concerns that require Executive Council input, response or general awareness and operational budget status.

4.0 System Manager (SM)

To ensure the delivery of all of System service requirements, the SM will manage overall agreement and service compliance. The SM is a cost-shared position.

4.1 Direct Responsibilities. The SM has direct responsibility for:

4.1.1 Interfacing with the user-designated representative(s) on System management issues.

4.1.2 Directing daily and emergency System technology management, and administration functions to meet the operational needs of the User Council as stated in this SLA and any other applicable contract statements of work and memoranda of agreement and understanding.

4.1.3 Technical management, operation and oversight of the shared System infrastructure hardware and software.

4.1.4 Ensuring that the System technology performance meets the user's operational needs day to day, and during emergencies.

4.2 Qualifications. The qualifications of the SM include the following:

4.2.1 Bachelor Degree/equivalent experience in the telecommunications/LMR field including specific application knowledge of Motorola ASTRO 25™ technology, Project 25, AES encryption, OTAR, system fleet mapping, programming and configuration, and general wireless voice and data technologies.

4.2.2 Application knowledge of LMR system solutions to include trunking, Wide Area Voting, repeaters, Simplex, and transportable radio communications systems is required.

4.2.3 Required to have computer skills in applicable databases, Microsoft Word, Microsoft PowerPoint and system radio equipment programming software.

4.2.4 Authorized and trained by the System equipment manufacturer (Motorola) in the latest technologies that are deployed by the System during the period of performance.

4.2.5 Required to have access to the latest tools and support provided by the manufacturer to properly performance all tasks and duties.

4.2.6 Provide access to the System, system databases and configurations by the System.

4.2.7 Communicate effectively via oral briefings and written documentation about current and future technology solutions to complex communications requirements.

4.2.8 Required to translate System communication needs to the appropriate representatives of the System equipment manufacturer including business staff, development engineers and technicians

4.2.9 Able to respond within twenty-four hours for service or information inquiries on project status or be able to discuss technical and business issues as they arise.

4.3 General Responsibilities. The SM has general responsibility for:

4.3.1 Primary Contact - The SM will serve as the single focal point for all agreement, service compliance and quality control issues related to administration of the System technology. The SM will interface with key personnel supporting the System to bring satisfactory resolution to any outstanding issues.

4.3.2 Consolidated Reporting - The SM will be responsible for consolidating and presenting to users all required reporting data on an agreed upon basis. This information includes repair service history, performance metrics, benchmarking data and inventory management.

4.3.3 Long-term Planning - Working closely with the User Council, the SM will assist in developing a long-term wireless technology plan. The SM will provide on a scheduled basis (at least annually) a technology review and management presentation. This presentation will review current state of communications, considerations for planned upgrades or changes, and current or future technologies available for consideration.

4.3.4 Transition Management - If new sites migrate to this SLA, it will be the responsibility of the SM to work with the Operations Manager staff and the User Council to ensure that consistent procedures are implemented for successful service transition. This responsibility includes developing customer support procedures, and ensuring that an effective communications plan has been presented to all resources impacted by the transition.

4.3.5 Manage Inventory Database - The System Manager will manage an inventory database and will make changes to the database as additions and deletions are made. Annual audits and reports will be conducted with the agencies that own the equipment and software managed in the inventory.

4.3.6. Manage Service Delivery - The System Manager is responsible for managing the quality of service delivery. This includes ensuring that all utilized service entities are properly trained, documented and capable of responding to System service requirements.

4.3.7 Track Service History - In addition to managing System inventory by site, the SM is also responsible for tracking service history. This information will be managed on an ongoing basis and submitted to System management where it will be used to recommend upgrades.

4.3.8 New Equipment Acquisition - System Manager will assist users in the ordering of radio equipment.

- 4.3.9 Monitoring the System and its components normal operations.
- 4.3.10 Participating in the diagnosis of System performance problems and the development of corrective action recommendations.
- 4.3.11 Dispatching appropriate repair services in the event of an equipment malfunction.
- 4.3.12 Notifying the Operations Manager, Network Manager or user point of contact (POC) of any System malfunctions that may affect the System/System regional area.
- 4.3.13 Managing the System database elements including subscriber IDs, talk group IDs, and the various parameters that relate to their effective operation.
- 4.3.14 Providing the Network Manager any updates to the Master ID Assignment Table so all user radio IDs can be tracked to an owner organization.
- 4.3.15 Monitoring performance of the entire network for normal operations, particularly the performance of the common equipment.
- 4.3.16 Being the identified point of contact with vendor/contractor for issues related to the common equipment. This includes being the individual responsible for forwarding information from/to vendor/contractor, from/to the Operations Manager and the user POC.
- 4.3.17 Providing timely information to the Operations Manager and user POC on any System issue that arises, or repair/maintenance issues related to the common equipment.
- 4.3.18 Providing monthly reports to the Operations Manager on the operation of the System, System availability calculations, financial status and any issues that need Operations Manager or higher review, input or decision.
- 4.3.19 Working with the Operations Network Manager and user liaisons to develop the System budget for the operation and maintenance to support the System common equipment.
- 4.3.20 Conducting the monthly controller switch and the periodic database backups.
- 4.3.21 Maintaining and disseminating an updated Master ID Assignment Table from data provided by the System user.
- 4.3.22 The SM will be backed up by a designated alternate so that in his/her absence there will still be an identified person accountable for the Technical System Manager responsibilities.

4.3.23 The SM shall meet at least quarterly with the User Council to review operations of the System and share ideas or issues that have arisen that may be of interest to the users.

4.3.24 The SM must be familiar with using the Advance Systems Key hardware.

4.3.25 The SM will have the authorization to verbally approve emergency service repairs under existing contracts, under those conditions where the system is in jeopardy of failing or has failed.

5.0 System Technologist (ST)

To properly support and provide maintenance of the System, the ST is required to have the proper skills and equipment knowledge, and must be OEM certified and authorized to perform maintenance and preventative maintenance actions on System equipment. The ST should be skilled in System support activity and operations, System equipment listed in this SLA, and in general, LMR and wireless technology. The ST is a cost-shared position.

5.1 Qualifications. The qualifications of the ST include the following:

5.1.1 OEM certified.

5.1.2 A minimum of five years experience in telecommunications/LMR maintenance.

5.1.3 An Associates or technical degree is preferred.

5.1.4 Recent, specific experience is required with Motorola ASTRO 25™ technology, Project 25, AES, OTAR, Motobridge™, console operator positions, Project 25 subscriber radios, system fleet mapping, and programming and configuration for the current installed ASTRO 25™ software technology release.

5.1.5 Overall application knowledge of LMR systems solutions to include trunking, Wide Area Voting, repeaters, Simplex and transportable radio communications systems is required.

5.1.6 Computer skills in applicable databases and products.

5.1.7 Authorized, trained and certified by the OEM in the latest technologies that are deployed by the System during the period of performance

5.1.8 Have access to the latest tools and support provided by the OEM in performance of tasks/duties.

5.1.9 Proof of the above qualifications must be provided ,and is required, to ensure that the System Technologist performing in support of this SLA remains proficient at the technology level at which the System is operating.

5.1.10 The ST shall be trained, authorized and certified to maintain and perform preventative maintenance services commensurate with whatever System technology release level the System is employing throughout the life of this SLA. The ST has general responsibility to:

5.1.10.1 Provide technical support and operational availability 24 hours/day, 365 days/year, as appropriate for Severity Level.

5.1.10.2 Respond to requests for technical support in accordance with required response times and performance levels.

5.1.10.3 Maintain and have access to selected test equipment for System simulations of current released manufacturing supported versions, as needed.

5.1.10.4 Advise users with procedure that will be used for System restoration or issue resolution.

5.1.10.5 Coordinate issue resolution with the service technician in the field until close of the case number.

5.1.10.6 Escalate support issues to vendor/contractor engineering and product groups, if necessary.

5.1.10.7 Provide a single focal point for any systemic issue, and manage the issue to resolution.

5.1.10.8 Escalate the case number to appropriate Party/Parties upon expiration of the applicable response time.

5.1.10.9 Implement changes to the database and escalation procedures.

5.2 ST Equipment Requirements. The ST will have the following equipment with current calibrations:

5.2.1 Electrostatic Discharge Field Service Kit

5.2.2 Cable Continuity Test Set

5.2.3 50 Ohm Load

5.2.4 Transmission Impairment Measuring Set

- 5.2.5 11 Gig Frequency Counter
- 5.2.6 6.x or above Compliant Communications Analyzer
- 5.2.7 Digital Multi-meter
- 5.2.8 Ground Resistance Tester
- 5.2.9 Dedicated Laptop without Wireless LAN
- 5.2.10 Appropriate Manuals
- 5.2.11 Telephone Butt Set
- 5.2.12 T1 Test Set
- 5.2.13 In-Line Watt Meter
- 5.2.14 XTS5000 or Equivalent Portables
- 5.2.15 Radio Frequency Coax Test Cables
- 5.2.16 LAN Cable
- 5.2.17 Appropriate Serial Interface Cables

6.0 Network Manager (NM). The NM reports to the SM. The NM is a cost-shared position.

6.1 Direct Responsibilities. The NM has direct responsibility for:

- 6.1.1 Technical management
- 6.1.2 Operation and oversight of the local area network (LAN) and wide area network (WAN)
- 6.1.3 Final technical responsible person to ensure that the telecommunication LAN and WAN networks meet System requirements

6.2 General Responsibilities. The NM has general responsibility for:

- 6.2.1 Monitoring the network and its components' normal operations.
- 6.2.2 Participating in the diagnosis of network performance problems and the development of corrective action recommendations.

6.2.3 Dispatching appropriate repair services in the event of network malfunction or outages.

6.2.4 Notifying the SM of any network malfunctions that may affect the system or system regional area.

6.2.5 Monitoring the performance of the entire network for normal operations, particularly the performance of the common equipment.

6.2.6 Providing timely information to the SM on any network issue that arises or repair/maintenance issue related to the common equipment.

6.2.7 Providing monthly reports to the SM on the operation of the network, network availability calculations, financial status and any issues that need SM or higher review, input or decision.

6.2.8 Working with the Operations Manager, SM and user liaisons to develop the System budget for the O&M to support the System common network equipment.

6.2.9 The NM will be backed up by a designated alternate so that in his/her absence, there will still be an identified person accountable for the NM responsibilities.

6.2.11 The NM will have authorization to approve routine O&M invoices within the approved financial guidelines as provided by the Executive Council through the User Council.

6.2.11 The NM will have the authorization to verbally approve emergency service repairs, with existing contracts, under those conditions where the network is in jeopardy of failing or has failed.

7.0 Maintenance Technical Support Team

Contract and or agency technicians who perform maintenance related activities for the shared System infrastructure. These are cost-shared positions.

7.1 General Responsibilities. The Technical Support Team:

7.1.1 Will conduct business in a courteous and professional manner with the User Council.

7.1.2 Will use its own appropriate help desk to provide Level 1 support, including creating problem tickets and work orders and assigning responsibility to the appropriate Level 2 the Technical Support Team resource.

7.1.3 Will use its own appropriate internal group to provide Level 2 server, network and infrastructure support services.

7.1.4 Will obtain the Operations Manager's approval before ticket closure.

7.1.5 Will attempt to resolve problems over the phone on first call.

7.1.6 Must log all problem calls through the appropriate Technical Support Help Desk.

7.1.7 Will provide all necessary and requested documentation, information and knowledge capital to the User Council prior to the start of support of a new device or functionality.

Appendix C Operations and Maintenance Processes and Procedures

These processes/procedures include specific tasks/activities with associated responsibilities identified for site owners, users, System infrastructure operations, the Executive and User Councils.

The certification/training requirements of the staff performing the tasks/activities within these procedures/processes must be identified. These processes/procedures must be followed and sustained. Any changes, considered or required, must be managed by the included Change Management Process.

1.0 Asset Management Process

1.1 The asset management process will be utilized to effectively track and manage System assets that are utilized for operations and support, including active and spare System equipment.

1.2 Users and the System Management Team will track and manage installs, moves, additions, deletions, and changes to System equipment. Updates will be made within 48 hours of a change in status or location of the asset.

1.3 The System Management Team will utilize a database to provide a tracking mechanism for user System assets. System equipment items to be tracked include the following:

- 1.3.1 User ownership
- 1.3.2 Model/part number
- 1.3.3 Serial number
- 1.3.4 User asset number
- 1.3.5 RF frequency (if applicable)
- 1.3.6. Software and firmware version
- 1.3.7 Equipment location
- 1.3.8 Site/area assignment (for spares)

2.0 Call Management Process

The Technical Support Team problem ticket system will be used by all support team levels (where approval and technical access has been granted) to record and track all

problem reports, inquiries or other types of calls received for support. This provides the Technical Support Team with the ability to provide metrics with regard to this SLA.

3.0 Change Management Process

The Change Management Process will be used by all Technical Support Teams, where approval and technical access has been granted, to record and track all change requests or actions required for support. This provides the Technical Support Team with the ability to provide status with regard to System changes for this SLA.

3.1 Add/Change/Delete Procedures.

Each agency authorized to have subscriber radios on the System will, at some point, need to begin operating on the System, make modifications to their subscriber database or modify the talk groups. The following procedure establishes the Add/Change/Delete process that will be required for all users that operate on the System.

3.2 Adding New Units for Existing Agencies.

If a user already operates radios on the System and needs to add a new serial number with a new alias, the following procedure will be adhered to:

3.2.1 Using the Customer Programming Software (CPS), the user will read the radio and email the information or bring a copy of the codeplug into the System Management Office (SMO). Contact the communications service provider for a copy of the CPS to accomplish this step. If all of the radios are of the exact same model, users do not need more than one codeplug. If there is more than one type of radio, users will need a codeplug from each type.

3.2.2 Along with the codeplug, fill out the Add/Change/Delete form at para 14.0. Provide the SMO with a complete listing of serial numbers and aliases attributed to each serial number. An Excel spreadsheet may be attached to the form, but the form must be filled out for tracking purposes.

3.2.3 The SMO will modify the codeplug and ship it back to the designated Communications Service Provider. Also, send the SMO will send the user a document with all of the assigned System ID numbers. This information is required to clone radios.

3.2.4 Use the codeplug to clone radios using the information provided by the SMO. This step will require the use of an Advance Systems Key (ASK). Please refer to the Membership Agreement under paras 3.7.2.1 – 3.7.2.5 for more information.

3.2.5 Once all of radios are cloned, test each function of the radio. If there are any problems/questions, please contact the SMO.

3.3. Reporting Lost or Stolen Radios.

As soon as it is known a radio on the System has been lost or stolen it must be reported to the SMO. Provide to the SMO with the Serial Number/ID number of the missing radio. If the loss or theft of a particular radio is of an urgent nature it can be reported after normal business hours.

Using the Network Management Terminal, the identified radio will be disabled. When this radio is powered on by anyone, the radio will completely go dead and all functions will be inoperative. If the radio is found, please contact the SMO and they can reinitiate the radio. For the security of the overall System, it can not be over emphasized to maintain positive control of all of your System assets.

3.4. Changing an Existing ALMR Radio.

The processes discussed above are changes to a radio. Therefore, the Add/Change/Delete Form must be filled out. Cloning a radio does not require anything to be done in the Network Manager Terminal.

3.5. When Change Forms are Required.

3.5.1 Issued a spare radio and required to change the alias/serial number/ID number of a radio.

3.5.2 Upon personnel change and require the changing of an alias/serial number/ID number of a radio.

3.5.3 Changes to some features.

3.5.4 Possess a cloned a radio and discovered multiple radios with the same information.

3.6 Changing a Radio.

Changing information in a radio requires that the radio itself be modified and similar information be changed in the Network Management System. If this procedure is not followed, it is likely the radio will become inoperative after the changes have been made to the radio. To ensure the database is current, the following procedure must be adhered to:

3.6.1 Using the radio programming software, make the desired changes.

3.6.2 Fill out the required areas on the Add/Change/Delete form and email/send the form to the SMO.

3.6.3. If the change is required immediately, follow-up with a phone call. Normally changes can be made within 24 hours of receiving the Add/Change/Delete form. Users will be notified by the SMO when the change is complete.

NOTE: Users with access to a Network Manager Terminal are authorized to make changes on radios within their fleet. The Add/Change/Delete form must still be filled out and sent into the System Manager's office.

3.7 Deleting a Radio.

3.7.1 If a radio is deemed to be lost or damaged beyond economical repair, the decision may be made to delete the radio from the inventory. To keep the inventory accurate, it will be necessary to fill out the Add/Change/Delete form so the radio and ID number can be deleted from the Network Management System.

3.7.2 Fill out the Add/Change/Delete form with all pertinent information. Add the status or reason for this deletion in the information area.

3.7.2.1. To program a codeplug on the System the user will require an ASK, or in the case of EF Johnson radios, authorization to utilize the System Key. The ASK/System Key, and the management of these devices, is established in the Membership Agreement signed by each user.

3.7.2.2 During the initial set-up of the ASK, the SMO established a range of ID numbers for each User. Permissions within the ASK were established at that time. Any change to subscriber serial numbers and aliases will require the submission of the Add/Change/Delete form.

3.7.2 Fill out the Add/Change/Delete form with all pertinent information. Add the status or reason for this deletion in the information area.

3.7.2.1 To program a codeplug on the System the user will require an ASK, or in the case of EF Johnson radios, authorization to utilize the System Key. The ASK/System Key, and the management of these devices, is established in the Membership Agreement signed by each user.

3.7.2.2 During the initial set-up of the ASK, the SM established a range of ID numbers for each user. Permissions within the ASK were established at that time. Any change to subscriber serial numbers and aliases will require the submission of the Add/Change/Delete form.

3.7.2.3 Each user will be required to purchase the ASK Dongle. The physical device is the property of the purchasing user. The software that is required to program the radio and the permissions to allow any user to use this software remains with the System. It is imperative that this device, once authorizations are established, be maintained as a secure device with limited access and kept in a secure location. The SMO may inspect,

at any time, any user's ASK control procedures. Likewise the System Key, if loaned to a user, will be used to program only the authorized radio(s) within the authorized talk groups. Once this programming is complete, the System Key will be deleted from all computers.

3.7.2.4 The System Key will not be resident on any computer at any time, other than when actually programming an authorized radio. In special cases, and with the approval of the Executive Council, a System Key may be given to an user, providing that User has establish a written agreement with ALMR outlining that user's procedures to keep the System Key secure.

3.7.2.5 At no time will an ASK/System Key be left with any service shop, radio technician or other user. If any using user requires the technical resources of a service shop that is not employed by the authorized user, the user agrees to only allow this service shop the use of the ASK/System Key while they are actually programming the authorized radio(s). If the user is authorizing this service shop to program their radios, an agreement between the Operations Manager's office and this service shop or individual will be required to ensure the facility/service shop agrees to the same security procedures as the agency under agreement.

3.8 Some users have access to a System Management Terminal. With this terminal, they will be authorized to make some changes, such as adding/deleting of certain information for certain location/agencies. Even though they may have the ability to make these changes, this does not negate the requirement to inform the SMO of any changes. Talk groups will not be added without the approval of the SMO and may require additional coordination. Any addition of serial numbers may require modification of the ASK permissions. This process must be followed, even though the user is making the requested changes themselves.

3.9 The System does not manage or control the use of Encryption Keys. Agencies that have, or require the use of, a KMF for OTAR must establish their own internal procedures to ensure any asset changes, such as adding/deleting of radios, are kept current in the KMF database.

3.10 Security and overall management of total System assets requires that all users understand and follow these procedures.

4.0 Configuration Management Process

The Technical Support Team configuration management processes will be used by all support team levels, where approval and technical access has been granted, to record and track all change requests or actions required for the network, infrastructure, consoles, radio sites, connectivity bandwidth, construction, permitting, liabilities, etc. This provides the Technical Support Team with the ability to provide status with regard to System configurations for this SLA.

NOTE: Configuration management must comply with the national consensus standard as defined within the commercial standard ANSI/EIA-649.

5.0 Customer Support Plan (CSP)

The System is a shared system between DOD, SOA, and other federal and local government agencies. The purpose of the CSP is to describe the services, processes and procedures to be delivered in support of the System, and additional areas of the System including microwave network transport and encryption equipment.

6.0 Disaster Recovery Planning

Natural Disasters include, but are not limited to, earthquakes, tsunamis, volcano eruptions, etc. During a disaster activity, usage of the System is expected to be high. The following are areas of expected increase for operations:

6.1 Scheduling of personnel. During this time, the System Management Team will go on a higher level of total System monitoring, closely assessing the effected area for loading and service issues.

6.2 Activate Network Monitoring Office/System Service Center (NMO/SSC) to Higher Monitoring. The NMO/SSC will be notified of the disaster. They will be staffed with appropriate personnel to assist in monitoring and resolving issues throughout the emergency.

6.3 Other Support Personnel. Contract support personnel such as ProComm and North Slope will be activated to assist with issues, as necessary. Additionally, management and technical personnel from DOD/SOA DOA/Enterprise Technology Service (ETS)/SATS will be included in System management and restoration during the disaster.

7.0 Help Desk

7.1 Call Taking, Tracking, and Dispatching.

7.1.1 The System infrastructure support process includes Help Desk Technical Support, call taking/tracking and dispatch operations. To provide support to the System, Dispatch Operations is available 7 days/week, 24 hours/day (including holidays) to provide a central point of contact for all System service requests. Users and System Management Team personnel can contact the Help Desk to request service, request information, or inquire on an open case via telephone at 1-888-334-2567 outside the Anchorage area or 334-2567 within Anchorage.

7.1.2 The Help Desk will dispatch appropriate factory trained and authorized service personnel and provide call management by tracking the progress of all System infrastructure service issues to completion. The Help Desk will utilize the Customer Support Plan for information in regard to the System infrastructure equipment that includes performance history, location and site access requirements, and the site contacts. Upon notification by a user or System Management Team personnel in the field or via remote network monitoring detected issues, the Help Desk will open a case to track service activities reported. The Help Desk will notify users or System Management Team personnel by email or pager of the events occurring during the existence of the issue.

7.1.3 To provide call taking/tracking, and dispatching, the Help Desk will:

7.1.3.1 Be continuously available 24 hrs/day, 365 days/year to receive phone calls from Users for service requests, information requests, or to report and update current cases.

7.1.3.2 Remotely access the System via remote network capabilities to immediately respond to critical (Severity Level I and II) issues.

7.1.3.3 Manage and report responses, on behalf of the System and user or vendor activities, performed for remote and on-site equipment restoral efforts.

7.1.3.4 Create a case, as necessary, when service and information requests are received.

7.1.3.5 Gather information to perform the following:

7.1.3.5.1 Characterize the issue

7.1.3.5.2 Determine a plan of action

7.1.3.5.3 Assign and track the case to resolution.

7.1.3.5.4 Dispatch an ST to the equipment site, as required

7.1.3.5.5. Ensure the required personnel have access to User information, as necessary.

7.1.3.5.6 Maintain contact with the on-site ST(s) until System restoral occurs, and the case is closed.

7.1.3.5.7 Verify with the System Management Team that restoration is complete, or System is functional.

7.1.3.5.8 Escalate the case to the appropriate party upon expiration of a response time.

7.1.3.5.9. Close the case upon receiving notification from the servicer, User or vendor, indicating the case is resolved.

7.1.3.5.10 Notify user of case status, as required by the Customer Support Plan at the following case levels

7.1.3.5.10.1 Open and closed; or

7.1.3.5.10.2 Open, assigned to the servicer, arrival of the servicer on site, deferred or delayed, closed.

7.1.3.5.10.3 Provide case activity reports, when requested.

7.1.3.5.11 Continuously track and manage case activity from open to close through an automated case tracking process.

7.2 Infrastructure Technical Help Desk Support.

The System infrastructure support process also provides Technical Help Desk Support services in situations where the user, System Management Team or on-site ST needs additional assistance or information to address an issue or affect System restoral.

7.2.1 Technical Help Desk Support. Technical Help Desk Support services provide centralized remote telephone support for System infrastructure technical issues that require a high level of communications systems expertise or troubleshooting. The Technical Help Desk Support team is staffed with technologists who specialize in the diagnosis and resolution of System performance issues. This must include expertise in current System technologies such as ASTRO 25™.

7.2.2 Provided Services. Technical Help Desk Support provides for the following to be provided to the users and System Management Team(s):

7.2.2.1 Respond to requests for Technical Help Desk Support for System issues including restoration of failed systems and diagnosis of operation problems or issues.

7.2.2.2 Advise caller of procedure for determining any additional requirements for issue characterization, restoration, including providing a known fix for issue resolution when available.

7.2.2.3 Attempt remote access to System for remote diagnostics, when possible.

7.2.2.4 Maintain communication with the servicer or user in the field until close of the case, as needed.

7.2.2.5 Coordinate technical resolutions with agreed upon third-party vendors, as needed.

7.2.2.6 Escalate and manage support issues, including systemic issues, to the appropriate vendor/contractor engineering and product groups, as required.

7.2.2.7 Escalate the case to the appropriate party upon expiration of a response time.

7.2.2.8 Provide configuration change support and work flow changes to systems that have dial in/remote access capability.

7.2.2.9 Determine, in its sole discretion, when a case requires more than the Technical Help Desk Support services and notify the user of an alternate course of action.

7.3 Issue Reporting Procedure Description.

The SmartZone System is comprised of thousands of Users operating on multiple sites that utilize different mediums of connectivity. The Issue Reporting Procedure is for all System users, administrators and service providers. It is the intent of this procedure for all System participants to have a consistent process to enable them to call one number to report all System issues. Additionally, this will allow the System Management Team the ability to capture, track and report all issues. While this process is designed to deal primarily with System infrastructure, it will accept all calls dealing with possible communications service issues relating to the System.

7.3.1 System infrastructure:

7.3.1.1 RF sites

7.3.1.2 Network management systems and subsystems

7.3.1.3 KMF/OTAR subsystems

7.3.1.4 Bulk encryption

7.3.1.5 Microwave backbone

7.3.1.6 Telephone interconnect systems (T1 where the System is the data user)

7.3.1.7 Bi-directional amplifiers (BDAs)

7.3.1.8 MOSCAD systems

7.3.1.9 Motobridge™ Gateway Units

7.3.1.10 Transportable/deployable systems (not currently part of this CSP)

7.3.1.10.1 If the user issue with the subscriber is related to the System, use the Issue Reporting Procedure.

7.3.1.10.2 In many cases, a dispatch console will not be covered under the System Wrap-Around Warranty Service. Call if you feel it is a System problem. The on-call System Technician will evaluate your concern and coordinate a solution.

7.3.1.10.3 Each user will be asked to provide a primary and an alternate contact name. The user will, if possible, route all System service calls through these contact individuals.

NOTE: Subscriber units such as mobiles and portables, consoles and logging recorders are not considered Infrastructure and are normally maintained by the user's selected radio service provider. This does not mean that this procedure cannot be used in an emergency.

7.3.2 System On-Call Procedures for Normal and After Normal Business Hours.

7.3.2.1 Call 1-888-334-2567 outside of the Anchorage area or 334-2567 within Anchorage

7.3.2.1.1 Push Prompt #1

7.3.2.1.2 Push Prompt #2 to reach vendor/contractor System Support Center (SSC)

7.3.2.2 The SSC will ask for a Site ID:

7.3.2.2.1 The user will provide: SZ0142

7.3.2.2.2 The SSC will ask other questions to better identify user's location

7.3.2.2.3 The user will convey the issue and contact information to the SSC

7.3.2.2.4 The SSC will assign a case number

7.3.2.2.5 User records the case number

7.3.2.3 SSC will page an on-call technician who then calls the user

7.3.2.4 The on-call technician will work through the user's issue, involving other agencies if necessary

7.3.2.5 The user will be called when the issue is resolved

8.0 Inventory Property Books

Inventory management involves the management of communication assets. Management of inventory records for fiduciary, financial, or audit purposes is the responsibility of each user for their respective asset inventory. The System Management Team will track and manage modifications to data records, as they are communicated. This includes providing information to each user and can include information such as warranty expiration events, changes in equipment location, or effective status (i.e. no longer functioning, unable to repair, lost/stolen/damaged, etc.)

8.1. Spares

Users currently own and utilize a complement of field spare boards and modules in support of the equipment sites. The vendor/contractor shall supplement the System field spares through an advanced replacement process to minimize equipment outages at System sites. System spares are maintained for the various locations as specified in Tables 8-1, 8-2, 8-3, and 8-4.

Table 8-1 Tudor Road Master Site System Spares

1	HP Procurve, Model J4900A
1	HP Procurve, Model J4813A
1	MOSCAD Power Supply
1	CEB Board
1	CEB Board – BIM
1	CEB Board – Timer
1	CEB Board – AMI
1	CEB Board
1	CEB Board
1	Type 1 Transector
1	S2500 10Base-T
1	S2500 T1/E1 CSU/DSU MOD
1	Logitech Access Keyboard
1	HP DL360 G3 Hardware Kit
1	Head Set Jacks for CIE
1	Clipper Twin Foot Switch for CIE
1	Motorola Transportable, Model F2804A
1	Motorola Router Model ST2500A – S2500
1	Motorola Router Model ST2500B – S2500
1	Motorola Router ST4000B, Model ESPL-370
1	Motorola Router ST5500B, Model ESPL-360
1	Motorola PSC 9600, Model T6782
1	Motorola PSC 9600, Model T6784A
1	Transector Surge Suppression, Model MPS 32 T1
1	T1/E1 Interface
1	T1/E1 Interface
1	MOSCAD Motorola NFM XC RTU

Table 8-2 Ted Stevens Anchorage International Airport BDA

1	BDA Crossband Coupler, Model 80-05-06
1	BDA Crossband Coupler, Model 80-05-07
1	BDA Power Supply Model 3-15503
1	BDA Preamp Model 3-11423
1	BDA Preamp Model 3-11792
1	BDA AC-DC Converter Model 3-5969
1	Wilmore AC-DC Converter Mdl 1654-48-120-60-U

Table 8-3 Whittier BDA

1	VHF Head End BDA 10/5W
1	LNA VHF 70-500MHz with Relay
1	Power Amp 10W 100-250MHz 1.5 MHz BW
1	24V 17A PSU 400W (XP)
1	¼ W O-30DB Switched Attenuator
1	Attn Switch Remote D Type 60DB
1	Control Monitor Board RS485 Protocol
1	VHF Inline BDA 10/5W
1	LNA VHF 70-500 MHz with Relay
1	Power Amp 10W 100-250MHz SMA Connection
1	24F 17A PSU 400W (XP BCC)
1	¼ W 0-30 Switched Attenuator
1	Attn Switched Remote D Type 30DB
1	Control Monitor Board RS485 Protocol

Table 8-4 Site Spares

1	265W AC Power Supply
1	600W DC Power Supply 24 VDC
1	600W DC Power Supply 48/60 VDC
1	VHF Range 2 Receiver
1	VHF 125W Power Amp
1	Internal UHSO
1	Procurve Switch
1	NFM XC RTU
1	CSU/DSU Daughter Board
1	WAN Router
1	VHF Range 2 Exciter
1	Epic III Control Module
1	33.6 Modem
1	48 VDC Power Supply
1	CDRW Drive
1	Distribution Panel
1	PBA Plug-In Breaker 30 Amp
1	PBA Plug in Breaker 50 Amp
1	Power Supply
1	Wilmore Inverter

NOTE: All spares are currently owned by/reserved for the Department of Defense.

9.0 Metric Reporting Procedures/Processes

The Operations Manager will report on System operations and issues. Issues requiring action shall be prioritized and addressed by the Operations Manager, as prioritized and directed by the User Council.

9.1 The Operations Manager

C9.1.1 The Operations Manager will provide to the User Council System performance reports that are based on past and current System data. Written status reports of ongoing projects or technical solutions shall be submitted to the User Council monthly, or as required.

9.1.2 The data will be presented graphically in order to make it easily understandable. The focus will be on both performance and fault management.

9.1.3 The Operations Manager will provide trend analysis of the report data to highlight trends and actions that the User Council should consider initiating for the System to improve availability, reliability and serviceability of the network. Reports can be configured to indicate certain pre-designated parameters as directed by the User Council to prevent unauthorized access to System information. The information should include, but be limited to:

9.1.3.1 Baseline metrics to measure the “healthy” operation of the System (this is predicated on monitoring of the System to obtain the appropriate data)

9.1.3.2 Equipment, site, site link or other failure trends

9.1.3.3 Early identification of System performance degradation

9.1.3.4 Service-level performance information

9.1.4 The Operations Manager will also utilize this information to make recommendations to the User Council for improving network operations and improving cost-effective, proactive approaches to System maintenance and support.

9.1.5 The Operations Manager will be available to attend applicable meetings with the User Council or other meetings relating to System operations and performance.

10.0 Preventive Maintenance Inspection

10.1 Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM)

10.1.1. On an annual basis, an OEM certified technician shall perform operational tests and alignments on the System infrastructure network equipment to optimize and ensure the equipment meets OEM specifications.

10.1.2 The technician shall remove any oil, dust and/or foreign substances from the equipment, clean filters if applicable, and measure, record, align and adjust the following applicable equipment parameters to the frequency and modulation outlined in the rule and regulations of the FCC.

10.1.3 A preventative maintenance schedule will be coordinated with the site owner, DOD/SOA DOA, and approved on a yearly basis. Modifications to the schedule must also be coordinated and approved within 90 days of the scheduled preventative maintenance audit and inspection being performed.

10.1.4. The government (DOD/SOA DOA), at its pleasure, can provide a representative to audit/observe the preventative maintenance audit and inspection. Where special conveyance is required to get to the site to perform this activity, vendor/contractor shall provide the conveyance of DOD/SOA DOA on the same conveyance used by the vendor/contractor.

10.1.5. Preventive maintenance activities will be documented and available for review, as required.

11.0 System Security

11.1 Strategy

11.1.1 The security strategy for the System is predicated on protecting the radio network infrastructure. The ASTRO 25™ has built-in security countermeasures. However, security also involves physical site and connected networks security.

11.1.2 The fundamental security strategy for protecting a large network such as the System consists of the following:

11.1.2.1 Define radio network security policies

11.1.2.1.1 Define what needs to be protected

11.1.2.1.2 Set up policies for external network connectivity

11.1.2.1.3 Define policies for User access controls and anti-virus

11.1.2.1.4 Define policies for mobile data User access controls and anti-virus

11.1.2.2 Fully utilize built-in security countermeasures

11.1.2.2.1 Anti-virus, intrusion detection, firewalls, access controls and operating system hardening

11.1.2.3 Perform radio network security management

11.1.2.3.1 Monitor network barriers and anti-virus 24 hours/day, 7 days/week

11.1.2.3.2 Proactively maintain security devices up to date

11.1.2.3.3 Pre-test and deploy security updates (periodic and urgent)

11.1.2.3.4 Be ready with incident response plan and team 24 hours/day, 7 days/week

11.1.2.3.5 Proactively update configurations as new threats emerge

11.1.2.3.6 Enforce and maintain User access controls

11.1.2.3.7 Conduct and test system backup and recovery procedures

11.1.2.3.8 Conduct ongoing security assessments and User training

12.0 Site Book Management

Site Book management includes the management of the documentation within the books and the process of updating the books that are on the sites, in the operations offices and distributed to specific Users. The System Management and Operations Management Team will track and manage modifications to data records, as they are communicated. This includes providing information to each Site Book and operations team member, as needed.

13.0 Standard Operating Procedures/Processes

There will be operating procedures for obtaining helpdesk services, technical support, network monitoring services, infrastructure repair, advanced replacement services, system survey and analysis, software subscription releases, software upgrade design services, infrastructure software installation services, subscriber radio repair and reports.

14.0 User Management

Add/Change/Delete Form

POC: _____ Email: _____

Serial Number/ID numbers:

- | | | |
|----------|-----------------------|----------|
| 1. _____ | (A)(C)(D) Alias _____ | ID _____ |
| 2. _____ | (A)(C)(D) Alias _____ | ID _____ |
| 3. _____ | (A)(C)(D) Alias _____ | ID _____ |
| 4. _____ | (A)(C)(D) Alias _____ | ID _____ |

For convenience, we will accept information on an Excel spreadsheet if it is attached to this form, just add the comment "See Attached" on line 1 above.

Is this is required by a certain date/time? _____.

Emailed codeplug to System Manager: YES / NO (circle one)

Information: _____

Programming Service Shop: _____.

Advance System Key number(s): _____.

Date Shipped/Delivered: _____.

Software Version	Flash Code	System Technician	Date

Addendum A

The SOA has modified contractually-required response times regarding issues involving their ALMR RF equipment at all of their sites.

USARAK has placed their ALMR RF equipment at 13 SOA communications sites in a "break/fix" mode.

The sites include:

- Cooper Mountain
- Divide
- Ernestine Mountain
- Girdwood
- Hope
- Moose Pass
- Portage
- Seward
- Silvertip
- Summit Lake
- Valdez
- Whittier
- Wolcott Mountain

The following Service Level Agreement (SLA) provisions are suspended for all SOA sites, as well as the USARAK sites listed above:

- Table-3.1 System Equipment
- Table-3.2 Sub System Equipment
- Table-3.3 MotoBridge® Gateway System
- Table-3.8 Service Level Definitions

SOA sites will continue to be monitored 24/7/365. Initial response may be by SOA technicians and will be determined by the severity of the issue; response by System Management Office (SMO) contractors may be delayed up to 72 hours. Response to SOA MotoBridge® issues will be by SOA technicians.

USARAK sites will continue to be monitored 24/7/365. However, maintenance response to reported issues may be delayed for up to 72 hours. Decisions regarding repairs for the listed sites will be made on a case-by-case basis. Response to Department of Defense MotoBridge® issues will be by SMO contractors

The remaining sites are not affected by the changes at this time.